

Discussion and Notes

Keep a copy of these safety training notes and a signed attendance sheet to verify regular safety training. Regulatory inspectors will usually request proof of safety training. A copy of the sign-up sheet that we suggest using may be found at www.flinnsci.com/media/412875/signup.pdf.

Do you have the right laboratory burners for your school's gas supply and your science needs? Find out by viewing the short video clip entitled "Laboratory Burner Selection Guide" at <http://www.flinnsci.com/burners>. More free videos about lab safety, equipment and procedures are available in the Teacher Resources section of the Flinn website.

Bunsen Burner and Hot Plate Safety

If there is one image that instantly evokes memories of science classes for most people, it is the Bunsen burner. Unfortunately, for some people, the images also bring back memories of pain. Burns caused by handling hot glassware or equipment and by touching hot surfaces are common accidents in school science labs. Accidents caused by the ignition or explosion of flammable liquids when working with flames are comparatively rare, but when they do occur, they are often catastrophic, resulting in severe injuries to teachers, students, and onlookers. The purpose of this safety training note is to review the hazards of working with Bunsen burners and hot plates in school science labs.

Duty of Care

Teachers owe their students a duty of care to instruct them in the proper use of laboratory equipment and to warn them of the potential dangers associated with their use. Whether you are observing physical and chemical properties in an introductory physical science class or sterilizing inoculating loops in a senior-level elective, please do not assume that students understand the hazards of working with laboratory burners. Reviewing the safety rules every time you work with Bunsen burners or hot plates will reinforce safe laboratory practices, increase safety awareness, and reduce the risk of accidents.

Using Bunsen Burners Safely

- ◆ Remove flammable and combustible materials from the lab bench and surrounding work area when Bunsen burners will be used. Do NOT use a Bunsen burner in any lab when working with flammable liquids or solvents.
- ◆ Inspect the burner, attached tubing, and gas valve before use. Check for holes or cracks in the tubing and replace the tubing if necessary.
- ◆ Use only heat-resistant, borosilicate glassware when using a Bunsen burner. Check the glassware for scratches, nicks or cracks before use and discard defective glassware—cracked glassware may shatter without warning when heated.
- ◆ Wear chemical-splash goggles whenever working with chemicals, heat or glassware in the science lab. Tie back long hair when working with a Bunsen burner, and do not wear loose, long-sleeved clothing. Never reach over an exposed flame!
- ◆ Instruct students in the proper procedure for lighting a Bunsen burner. Close or partially close the air vents on the burner to make it easier to light. Turn on the gas and bring a lighter alongside the barrel of the burner, then slowly raise the flame over the top of the burner from the side.
- ◆ Adjust the air supply to obtain a small, bright blue, cone-shaped flame. For slow, uniform heating, brush the burner flame across the bottom of glassware when starting to heat. For boiling water baths, add boiling stones to the water to prevent superheating, "bumping," and possible splattering.
- ◆ Never leave a lit burner unattended. Always turn off the gas at the source when finished using a Bunsen burner.
- ◆ To reduce heat stress, allow hot glassware or equipment to cool before moving or removing the object. Hot objects remain HOT for a long time—use tongs and handle with care!

Using Hot Plates Safely

Hot plates offer convenience and safety.

- ◆ Use only heat-resistant, borosilicate glassware, and check for cracks before heating on a hot plate. Do not place thick-walled glassware, such as filter flasks, or soft-glass bottles and jars on a hot plate. The hot plate surface should be larger than the vessel being heated.
- ◆ Do not use the hot plate in the presence of flammable or combustible materials. Fire or explosion may result—the device contains components that may ignite such materials.
- ◆ Place boiling stones in liquids being heated to facilitate even heating and boiling. Do not evaporate all of the solvent or otherwise heat a mixture to dryness on a hot plate—the glass container may crack unexpectedly.
- ◆ Use a medium to medium-high setting of the hot plate to heat liquids, including water. Do not use the high setting to heat low-boiling-point liquids. The hot plate surface can reach a maximum temperature of 540 °C.
- ◆ Do not place metal foil or metal containers on the hot plate—the top can be damaged and a shock hazard may result. Do not place ceramic crucibles or evaporating dishes on a hot plate.
- ◆ Be careful when removing hot glassware or pouring hot liquids. Use tongs or silicone rubber heat protectors (gripping devices).
- ◆ Turn off the hot plate when not in use. Place a caution sign in front of the hot plate immediately after use.

It Doesn't Look Hot!

- ◆ Use caution whenever working with heat or flames—most minor laboratory burns result from carelessness when touching hot objects.
- ◆ Heated metals and glass remain hot for a very long time. Set aside to cool and pick up with caution using tongs, heat-protective gloves, or hot-vessel-gripping devices.
- ◆ Do not place hot apparatus directly on the laboratory bench. Always use an insulating pad, and allow plenty of time for a hot apparatus to cool before touching it.
- ◆ Never look directly into a container that is being heated. When heating a test tube, make sure that the mouth of the test tube is not pointing at anybody (including yourself)!

Online Flinn Laboratory Safety Course—It's Free!

"Thank you for helping me become a better teacher!"

That's just one of the many quotes we have received from teachers who have completed the comprehensive Flinn Scientific [Laboratory Safety Course](#). Visit the Flinn website today to get started.

Flinn Scientific Values Your Support

Please continue to support our efforts to improve safety in school science labs by ordering all of your science supplies and laboratory chemicals from Flinn Scientific.

Next Month's Topic

General Safety Rules for Science Teachers

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